

# Southern Illinois University at Carbondale

Fall 2011

## ECE 550 Nanoelectronic Devices

**Catalog Description:** (A) **NanoTransistor:** Charge-based devices—MOSFETs, Advanced MOSFETs: Trigate FETs, FinFETs, SOI, SiGe, Ge and III-Vs, carbon nanotubes and Graphene ribbons, nanowires. Quantum Devices—single electron transfer devices (SETs), resonant tunnel diodes, tunnel FETs, quantum interference transistors (QUITs), quantum dot cellular automata (QCAs), quantum bits (qubits). Non-charge based devices—spinFET; (B) **NanoMemory:** Flash, PCM, Electrolyte, M/F RAM, Spin torque devices, DRAM, ZRAM; (C) **Energy-Related Devices:** Solar cells, LEDs/SSLs, thermoelectric devices, supercapacitors; (D) **NanoBio Devices:** Biosensors.

**Course Total Credit Hours:** 3

**Lecture:** 3 MWF 2:00 – 2:50 PM EGRA 0210 **Office Hour:** MWF 3:00 – 4:30 PM and by appointment

**Prerequisites:** Basic semiconductor devices, ECE 375 and ECE 447, or Instructor consent.

### Objectives:

- Give a general introduction to different types of *conventional* and *novel* nanoelectronic devices for different applications. The target applications are *switching, memory, energy conversion/storage, and bionanoelectronics*.
- Understand the underlying *physical processes* governing the operation of these devices. Understanding of these processes would build on earlier semiconductor device courses, which introduced the student to the basic device concepts.
- Various *figures of merit* widely used for efficient device design and performance study will be addressed.
- Understand various *higher order effects* (e.g. short channel effects, quantum effects, discrete dopants and process variation) that influence today's nanoscale devices.
- Various *problems/challenges and technological bottlenecks* in the realization of nanoelectronic devices with desired and optimum performance will be discussed.
- Study different *novel and exploratory devices and alternative technologies* (non-charge based and fully quantum computation and information processing) as means of sustaining the semiconductor industries' growth in the coming years.
- Students will be *using in-house and freely available software* tools to study and analyze various aspects of nanoelectronic devices and expected to generate novel design ideas and find solutions to these technological problems.
- Communicate efficiently with the circuit/system designers and the science persons and give them essential feedback from *device* point of view.
- Demonstrate how *computer programming* (Matlab/Fortran/C/others) can facilitate learning of nanoscale phenomena and device design.

**Laboratory Fees:** None

**Laboratory safety equipment:** None

**Instructor:** Dr. Shaikh S. Ahmed, Associate Professor, ECE Department, SIUC.

**Course Committee:** *Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering Faculty.*

**Text Book:** *The subject matter for this course will be heavily drawn from the research literature, and extensive references will be provided in the class notes.* A useful book:

**Y. Taur and T.H. Ning, *Fundamentals of Modern VLSI Devices*, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Cambridge University Press, 2009.**

### References:

- V. Mitin, V. Kochelap, M. Strosio, *Introduction to Nanoelectronics*, Cambridge University Press, 2008

- Dieter Schroder, *Advanced MOS Devices*, Addison Wesley Longman, November, 1987
- S.M. Sze, Kwok K. Ng, *Physics of Semiconductor Devices*, Publisher: John Wiley and Sons Inc., 2006
- Mark Lundstrom, Jing Guo, *Nanoscale Transistors: Device Physics, Modeling and Simulation*, Springer Verlag, December, 2005.
- J.P. Colinge, *Silicon-on-Insulator Technology: Materials to VLSI*, 2nd Ed., Kluwer, 1997,
- D.D. Awschalom, D. Loss, N. Samarth, *Semiconductor Spintronics and Quantum computation*, Springer Verlag, August, 2002.

### Topical Outline (Tentative):

|  |            |        |
|--|------------|--------|
| Introduction: Evolution in CMOS technology                   | 1 lectures | (2.2%) |
| Fundamental principles of electronic devices                 | 5 lectures | (11%)  |
| MOS capacitor  | 2 lectures | (4.4%) |
| MOS threshold voltage  | 2 lectures | (4.4%) |
| MOSFET current-voltage                                       | 2 lectures | (4.4%) |
| Short channel effects  | 2 lectures | (4.4%) |
| Quantum effects  | 2 lectures | (4.4%) |
| Discrete impurity effects                                    | 1 lectures | (2.2%) |
| Silicon-On-Insulator (SOI) devices                           | 2 lectures | (4.4%) |
| Advanced device architectures (DGFETs, FinFETs)              | 1 lectures | (2.2%) |
| Alternative materials: SiGe                                  | 1 lectures | (2.2%) |
| Alternative materials: Carbon nanotubes and Graphene ribbons | 2 lectures | (4.4%) |
| Alternative materials: Nanowires                             | 1 lectures | (2.2%) |
| Alternative materials: III-Vs                                | 1 lectures | (2.2%) |
| Fully quantum mechanical devices                             | 3 lectures | (6.7%) |
| Non-charge (Spin) based devices                              | 1 lectures | (2.2%) |
| Semiconductor memory devices                                 | 4 lectures | (8.9%) |
| Energy-related devices                                       | 4 lectures | (8.9%) |
| NanoBio devices  | 2 lectures | (4.4%) |

### Grading:

|               |     |
|---------------|-----|
| Homework      | 20% |
| 4 short tests | 40% |
| Project/Paper | 15% |
| Final Exam    | 25% |

Letter grade: **A:** 90-100 **B:** 80-89 **C:** 70-79 **D:** 60-69 **F:** <60